

Internal Revenue Service

Department of the Treasury

Washington, DC 20224

Church of Scientology
International
6331 Hollywood Blvd.
Los Angeles, CA 90028

Person to Contact: J. Rotz
Telephone Number: (202) 622-8100
Refer Reply to: E:EO:R:2

Date: OCT 1 1992

Employer Identification Number: 59-2153303
Key District: Los Angeles
Service Center: Fresno, CA 93888
Accounting Period Ending: December 31
Foundation Status Classification: 509(a)(1) &
170(b)(1)(A)(i)
Form 990 Required: No

Dear Applicant:

Based on information supplied, and assuming your operations will be as stated in your application for recognition of exemption, we have determined you are exempt from federal income tax under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code as an organization described in section 501(c)(3). Your request for a group ruling is the subject of separate correspondence.

We have further determined that you are not a private foundation within the meaning of section 509(a) of the Code, because you are an organization described in the section(s) above.

If your sources of support, or your purposes, character, or method of operation change, please let your key district know so that office can consider the effect of the change on your exempt status and foundation status. In the case of an amended document or bylaws, please send a copy of the amended document or bylaws to your key district. Also, you should inform your key District Director of all changes in your name or address.

As of January 1, 1984, you are liable for taxes under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (social security taxes) on remuneration of \$100 or more you pay to each of your employees during a calendar year. This does not apply, however, if you make or have made a timely election under section 3121(w) of the Code to be exempt from such tax. You are not liable for the tax imposed under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA).

Church of Scientology
International

Since you are not a private foundation, you are not subject to the excise taxes under Chapter 42 of the Code. However, you are not automatically exempt from other federal excise taxes. If you have any questions about excise, employment, or other federal taxes, please contact your key District Director.

Donors may deduct contributions to you as provided in section 170 of the Code. Bequests, legacies, devises, transfers, or gifts to you or for your use are deductible for federal estate and gift tax purposes if they meet the applicable provisions of sections 2055, 2106, and 2522.

Donors (including private foundations) may rely on this ruling unless the Internal Revenue Service publishes notice to the contrary. However, if you lose your 509(a) status as shown above, donors (other than private foundations) may not rely on the classification shown above if they were in part responsible for, or were aware of, the act that resulted in your loss of such status, or they acquired knowledge that the Internal Revenue Service had given notice that you would be removed from that classification. Private foundations may rely on the classification as long as you were not directly or indirectly controlled by them or by disqualified persons with respect to them. However, private foundations may not rely on the classification shown above if they acquired knowledge that the Internal Revenue Service had given notice that you would be removed from that classification.

If your organization conducts fund raising events such as benefit dinners, auctions, membership drives, etc., where something of value is received in return for contributions, you can help your donors avoid difficulties with their income tax returns by assisting them in determining the proper tax treatment of their contributions. To do this you should, in advance of the event, determine the fair market value of the benefit received and state it in your fund raising materials such as solicitations, tickets, and receipts in such a way that your donors can determine how much is deductible and how much is not. To assist you in this, the Service has issued Publication 1391, Deductibility of Payments Made to Organizations Conducting Fund Raising Events. You may obtain copies of Publication 1391 from your key district office.

You are not required to file federal income tax returns unless you are subject to the tax on unrelated business income under section 511 of the Code. If you are subject to this tax, you must file an income tax return on Form 990-T, Exempt Organization Business Income Tax Return. In this letter we are not

Church of Scientology
International

determining whether any of your present or proposed activities are unrelated trade or business as defined in section 513 of the Code.

You are required to make a copy of your exemption application, and supporting documents, and this exemption letter available for public inspection. Failure to make these documents available for public inspection may subject you to a penalty of \$10 per day for each day there is failure to comply. See Internal Revenue Service Notice 88-120, 1988-2 C.B. 454, for additional information.

This ruling is based on evidence that your funds are dedicated to the purposes listed in section 501(c)(3) of the Code. To assure your continued exemption, you should maintain records to show that funds are expended only for those purposes. If you distribute funds to other organizations, your records should show whether they are exempt under section 501(c)(3). In cases where the recipient organization is not exempt under section 501(c)(3), there should be evidence that the funds will remain dedicated to the required purposes and that they will be used for those purposes by the recipient.

If distributions are made to individuals, case histories regarding the recipients should be kept showing names, addresses, purposes of awards, manner of selection, and relationship (if any) to members, officers, trustees or donors of funds to you, so that any and all distributions made to individuals can be substantiated upon request by the Internal Revenue Service. (Rev. Rul. 56-304 1956-2, C.B. 306.)

In this letter, we have not determined the effect on your tax-exempt status of financing your activities with the proceeds of tax-exempt bonds since you have not indicated that you intend to use such methods now or in the future.

You need an employer identification number even if you have no employees. Please use that number on all returns you file and in all correspondence with the Internal Revenue Service. We are informing your key District Director of this ruling. Because this letter could help resolve any questions about your exempt status and foundation status, you should keep it in your permanent records.

If you have any questions about this ruling, please contact the person whose name and telephone number are shown in the

Church of Scientology
International

heading of this letter. For other matters, including questions concerning reporting requirements, please contact your key District Director.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Jeanne Gessay".

Jeanne S. Gessay
Chief, Exempt Organizations
Rulings Branch 2

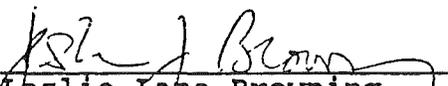
CERTIFICATION

I, Leslie Lane Browning, do hereby certify as follows:

1. That I am the Assistant Secretary of Church of Scientology International, a non-profit religious corporation organized under laws of the state of California.

2. That attached hereto is a true and correct copy of a letter from the Internal Revenue Service dated October 1, 1993 addressed to Church of Scientology International granting exemption from federal income tax under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code as described in section 501(c)(3).

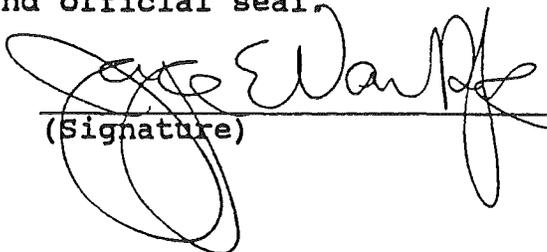
Executed this 12th day of October 1993.


Leslie Lane Browning

State of California)
County of Los Angeles) ss

on 12 October 1993 before me, the undersigned, a notary public for the State of California, personally appeared Leslie Lane Browning personally known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged the same in her authorized capacity and that by her signature on the instrument the person, or the entity upon behalf of which the person acted, executed the instrument.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.


(Signature)

